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not satisfied as to the truth of the testimony of the witness or witnesses mentioned; which would certainly be an improper invasion of the province of the jury. If indeed it is an admitted or uncontroverted fact, or there is clear and convincing evidence in the case that a witness or witnesses therein has or have wilfully, or, which is the same thing, knowingly testified untruthfully on any material matter, such an instruction as that under consideration may, in the discretion of the trial court, be properly given, if couched in general terms, to the effect that if the jury believe from the evidence that any witness or witnesses in the case have so testified, they are at liberty to disregard the whole of their testimony. But the trial judge should, as to such an instruction, in every case, act with caution; he should never give such an instruction unless from all the evidence he believes that wilful false swearing has been done; and even then he should refuse to give such an instruction if he feels that the jury would be warranted by the evidence in coming to a different conclusion as to such testimony.

"These being our views, it follows that there was no error in the refusal of the instruction in question."

ERRATA.

In our sketch of Hon. Shelton F. Leake in our December Number (Vol. 7, N. S., p. 607) we gave the name of his wife as Rebecca Barbour. It should have been Rebecca Barbour Gray.

The newspapers are responsible for our giving Hon. Jesse Felix West's middle name as Jesse L. in our February Number. We are glad to make the correction and hope the Judge may always be as happy as his middle name indicates.

The cases appearing on pages 836 to 843 in the March Number (Vol. 7, N. S.) are erroneously cited as 109 Va. when 109 S. E. was meant.